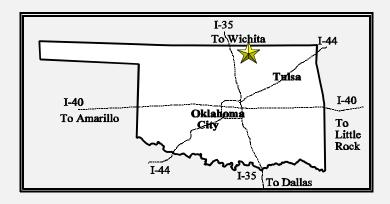
KAW "KANZA" NATION OF OKLAHOMA

"the Wind People"





<u>Location:</u> 114 miles north of Oklahoma City near the Kansas border

Address: Drawer 50, Kaw City, OK 74641

Phone: (508) 269-2552 **Fax:** (508) 269-2301

Geographical Boundaries: Kay County and the Tribe owns land near Council Grove, Kansas

Environmental Office: Timothy F. Kennedy, Environmental Director

Reta M. Litner; David Echo Hawk; Brandon L. Ketcher; Eddie Brokeshoulder;

Grants & Contract Director

E-mail: kanza@southwind.net or epa@southwind.net Phone: (580) 269-2552 Fax: (580) 269-2301

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<u>History:</u> The Dhegiha group first lived along the Ohio River Valley as one tribe. They later moved down the Mississippi River and split into five separate tribes. The Kaw, or Kanza, settled near the confluence of what is today known as the Kansas and Missouri Rivers. In 1825, a treaty was signed by the Kanza Tribe in which the Tribe "agreed" to sell a large portion of its land base and relocated to a reservation near present day Topeka, Kansas. Later, in 1946, the Tribe signed another treaty and moved southwestward near what is known today as Council Grove, Kansas. In 1872, an Act of Congress, not a treaty, resulted in the Tribe selling its land in Kansas and purchasing land from the Osage for a new reservation in Indian Territory. By 1904, the Kaw had agreed to accept allotments which allowed for each member in the Tribe to receive 405 acres of reservation land with the remaining land to be opened up to white settlement.

Integrated Solid Waste Management: The land adjacent to the Chilocco I ndian School campus on the Kanza Reservation was used as a solid waste dump site. It was littered with presumably creosote barrels left over from the Chilocco School livestock production enterprise. The site was cleaned up in 1998.